

ABSTRACT

Isolated DNA encoding Bt insecticidal crystal proteins, such as the Bt14 protein, chimeric genes, recombinant plants, seeds, and cells comprising such DNA, and methods of using these to control insects are described in the disclosure. Plants made resistant to insects by transforming their nuclear genome with two or more DNA sequence, each encoding a different non-competitively binding *B. thuringiensis* protoxin or insecticidal part thereof, preferably the toxin thereof are also described.